1. Which of the following are rational numbers, and which are not?

$$
\frac{3}{4}, 3.14, \pi, \frac{5}{0},-\sqrt{17}, 23, \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2},-1,6.022 \times 10^{23}, 0,4 i
$$

Definition of rational:

| Rational Numbers |
| :---: |
| Not rational |
|  |

## Steps for simplifying:

What are restrictions?
How do we find them?
Examples: Find an equivalent rational expression in lowest terms (don't forget to state restrictions).

1. $\frac{16 n}{20 n}$
2. $\frac{(x+3)(x-2)}{(x-2)(2 x+5)}$
3. $\frac{(3+x)(6 x-7)}{(x+3)(6 x+7)}$
4. $\frac{4 x-2}{6-12 x}$
5. $\frac{5 x^{2}+13 x-6}{x^{2}-9 x-36}$
6. $\frac{x^{2}-16}{3 x^{2}+10 x-8}$

## Rule for multiplying rational expressions:

If $a, b, c$, and $d$ are integers with $c \neq 0$ and $d \neq 0$, then

$$
\frac{a}{c} \cdot \frac{b}{d}=\frac{a b}{c d}
$$

## Examples:

a. $\left(\frac{3 x-6}{2 x+6}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{5 x+15}{6 x+12}\right)$
b. $\frac{x^{2}+3 x-28}{8 x-72} \cdot \frac{x^{2}-16 x+63}{x^{2}-49}$

## You try:

Find the following products and reduce to lowest terms, state restrictions:

1. $\left(\frac{2 x+6}{x^{2}+x-6}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{x^{2}-4}{2 x}\right)$
2. $\left(\frac{x^{2}-3 x}{x^{2}-10 x+21}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{x^{2}-12 x+35}{5 x^{2}-25 x}\right)$

How do we divide fractions - rational expressions :
Recall that division is the same as multiplying by the inverse.
Ex. $15 \div \frac{1}{3}$ is the same as $15 * 3=45$
Ex2. $\frac{3}{5} \div \frac{6}{7}$ is the same as $\frac{3}{5} * \frac{7}{6}=\frac{21}{30}=\frac{7}{10}$

## Rule for dividing rational expressions:

If $a, b, c$, and $d$ are integers with $b \neq 0, c \neq 0$, and $d \neq 0$, then

$$
\frac{a}{c} \div \frac{b}{d}=\frac{a}{c} \cdot \frac{d}{b}
$$

Examples:
a. $\frac{x-3}{x^{2}-7 x+6} \div \frac{x^{2}-x-6}{x-1}$
b. $\frac{x^{2}-2 x-24}{x^{2}-4} \div \frac{x^{2}+3 x-4}{x^{2}+x-2}$

## You try:

Find the following quotients and reduce to lowest terms, state restrictions:

1. $\left(\frac{16 x-24}{4 x^{2}-9}\right) \div\left(\frac{12 x+36}{x^{2}-8 x-33}\right)$
2. $\frac{\left(\frac{x^{2}-15 x+54}{25 x^{2}-4}\right)}{\left(\frac{x^{2}-81}{5 x^{2}-2 x}\right)}$

## Review and Preview:

1. $\frac{x^{2}-16}{5 x^{2}+16 x-16}$
2. $\frac{x^{2}+6 x-16}{x^{2}+3 x-40} * \frac{x^{2}+6 x-55}{x^{2}+9 x-22}$
3. $\frac{18 x-108}{x^{2}+9 x+8} \div \frac{36 x^{2}-36 x}{x^{2}-1}$
4. $\frac{x^{2}+9 x-80}{x^{2}-36}-\frac{3 x-8}{x^{2}-36}$
