

## Quadratic Formula Review NOTES

Why/When:

To find x-intercepts

Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Use the quadratic formula to find the roots.

### 2 Real

1.  $y = 3x^2 + 5x - 8$

$a = 3$   
 $b = 5$   
 $c = -8$

$$\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(3)(-8)}}{2(3)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{25+96}}{\sqrt{121}} = \frac{11}{11}$$

$$\frac{-5 \pm 11}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{6}$$

$$\frac{-16}{6}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$x = -\frac{8}{3}$$

2.  $y = 5x^2 - 10x + 2$

$a = 5$   
 $b = -10$   
 $c = 2$

$$\frac{10 \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(5)(2)}}{2(5)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{100-40}}{\sqrt{60}} = \frac{\sqrt{40}}{\sqrt{60}} = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{15}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{15}}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm 2\sqrt{15}}{10}$$

or

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{15}}{5}$$

### 2 Real (1 double root)

3.  $y = 49x^2 - 14x + 1$

$a = 49$   
 $b = -14$   
 $c = 1$

$$\frac{14 \pm \sqrt{(-14)^2 - 4(49)(1)}}{2(49)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{196-196}}{\sqrt{0}} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\frac{14 \pm 0}{98}$$

$$\frac{14}{98}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{7}$$

4.  $y = 16x^2 + 24x + 9$

$a = 16$   
 $b = 24$   
 $c = 9$

$$\frac{-24 \pm \sqrt{(24)^2 - 4(16)(9)}}{2(16)}$$

$$\frac{-24 \pm 0}{32}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{576-576}}{\sqrt{0}} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}$$



## 2 Imaginary

5.  $y = 4x^2 + 6x + 5$

$a = 4$   
 $b = 6$   
 $c = 5$

$$\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(4)(5)}}{2(4)}$$

$$x = \frac{-6 \pm 2i\sqrt{11}}{8}$$

or

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm i\sqrt{11}}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{36-80} \\ &\sqrt{-44} \\ &\sqrt{-1(4)11} \\ &2i\sqrt{11} \end{aligned}$$

6.  $y = 3x^2 - 4x + 8$

$a = 3$   
 $b = -4$   
 $c = 8$

$$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(3)(8)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm 4i\sqrt{5}}{6}$$

or

$$x = \frac{2 \pm 2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{16-96} \\ &\sqrt{-80} \\ &\sqrt{-1(16)5} \\ &4i\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

### Find the number and type of roots using the quadratic formula.

7.  $y = 9x^2 - 6x - 4$

$a = 9$   
 $b = -6$   
 $c = -4$

$$\frac{6 \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(9)(-4)}}{2(9)}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm 6\sqrt{5}}{18}$$

or

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{36+144} \\ &\sqrt{180} \\ &\sqrt{36(5)} \\ &6\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

8.  $y = 4x^2 - 12x + 25$

$a = 4$   
 $b = -12$   
 $c = 25$

$$\frac{12 \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(4)(25)}}{2(4)}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm 16i}{8}$$

or

$$x = \frac{3 \pm 4i}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{144-400} \\ &\sqrt{-256} \\ &\sqrt{-1(256)} \\ &16i \end{aligned}$$